UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

or

[] Transition]	Report Pursuant to Section	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchar	nge Act of 1934
	For the transition period	od fromto	
Commission File Number	•	rant as specified in its charter; n of incorporation or organization	IRS Employer Identification No.
333-90553	(An Iowa Limi 666 Grand	CAN FUNDING, LLC ted Liability Company) d Avenue, Suite 500 es, Iowa 50309-2580	47-0819200
333-190862	(An Iov 666 Grand	N ENERGY COMPANY wa Corporation) d Avenue, Suite 500 es, Iowa 50309-2580	42-1425214
	(51	5) 242-4300	
	(Registrant's telephon	e number, including area code)	
		N/A Former fiscal year, if changed since last	
	the preceding 12 months (o	all reports required to be filed by Section for such shorter period that the regists for the past 90 days.	
MidAmerican Funding, LLC	Yes □ No ⊠	MidAmerican Energ	gy Company Yes ⊠ No □
Interactive Data File required to	be submitted and posted pu	ted electronically and posted on its corsuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§	232.405 of this chapter) during
MidAmerican Funding, LLC	Yes ⊠ No □	MidAmerican Energ	gy Company Yes ⊠ No □
		accelerated filers, accelerated filers, no ed filer," "accelerated filer" and "small	
Large accelerated filer \square	Accelerated filer \square	Non-accelerated filer ⊠	Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether Yes □ No ⊠	er either registrant is a shell of	company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of	the Exchange Act).

All of the member's equity of MidAmerican Funding, LLC was held by its parent company, Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company, as of April 30, 2015.

All common stock of MidAmerican Energy Company is held by its parent company, MHC Inc., which is a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of MidAmerican Funding, LLC. As of April 30, 2015, 70,980,203 shares of MidAmerican Energy Company common stock, without par value, were outstanding.

MidAmerican Funding, LLC and MidAmerican Energy Company separately file this combined Form 10-Q. Information relating to each individual registrant is filed by such registrant on its own behalf. MidAmerican Energy Company makes no representation as to information relating to any other subsidiary of MidAmerican Funding, LLC.

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Definition of Abbreviations and Industry Terms

When used in Forward-Looking Statements, Part I - Items 2 through 4, and Part II - Items 1 through 6, the following terms have the definitions indicated.

Companies

BHE Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company

MidAmerican Funding MidAmerican Funding, LLC
MidAmerican Energy MidAmerican Energy Company

Berkshire Hathaway Inc. and its subsidiaries

Certain Industry Terms

AFUDC Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

DSM Demand-side Management

Dth Decatherms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

GWh Gigawatt Hours
IUB Iowa Utilities Board

MW Megawatts
MWh Megawatt Hours

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains statements that do not directly or exclusively relate to historical facts. These statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements can typically be identified by the use of forward-looking words, such as "will," "may," "could," "project," "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "estimate," "continue," "intend," "potential," "plan," "forecast" and similar terms. These statements are based upon MidAmerican Funding's and MidAmerican Energy's current intentions, assumptions, expectations and beliefs and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other important factors. Many of these factors are outside the control of MidAmerican Funding or MidAmerican Energy and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others:

- general economic, political and business conditions, as well as changes in, and compliance with, laws and regulations, including reliability and safety standards, affecting MidAmerican Energy's operations or related industries;
- changes in, and compliance with, environmental laws, regulations, decisions and policies that could, among other items, increase operating and capital costs, reduce generating facility output, accelerate generating facility retirements or delay generating facility construction or acquisition;
- the outcome of rate cases and other proceedings conducted by regulatory commissions or other governmental and legal bodies and MidAmerican Energy's ability to recover costs in rates in a timely manner;
- changes in economic, industry, competition or weather conditions, as well as demographic trends, new technologies and
 various conservation, energy efficiency and distributed generation measures and programs, that could affect customer
 growth and usage, electricity and natural gas supply or MidAmerican Energy's ability to obtain long-term contracts with
 customers and suppliers;
- a high degree of variance between actual and forecasted load or generation that could impact MidAmerican Energy's hedging strategy;
- performance and availability of MidAmerican Energy's generating facilities, including the impacts of outages and repairs, transmission constraints, weather, including wind, and operating conditions;
- changes in prices, availability and demand for wholesale electricity, coal, natural gas, other fuel sources and fuel transportation that could have a significant impact on generating capacity and energy costs;

- the financial condition and creditworthiness of MidAmerican Energy's significant customers and suppliers;
- changes in business strategy or development plans;
- availability, terms and deployment of capital, including reductions in demand for investment grade commercial paper, debt securities and other sources of debt financing and volatility in the London Interbank Offered Rate, the base interest rate for MidAmerican Energy's credit facilities;
- changes in MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings;
- risks relating to nuclear generation;
- the impact of certain contracts used to mitigate or manage volume, price and interest rate risk, including increased collateral requirements, and changes in commodity prices, interest rates and other conditions that affect the fair value of certain contracts;
- the impact of inflation on costs and MidAmerican Energy's ability to recover such costs in regulated rates;
- increases in employee healthcare costs, including the implementation of the Affordable Care Act;
- the impact of investment performance and changes in interest rates, legislation, healthcare cost trends, mortality and morbidity on pension and other postretirement benefits expense and funding requirements;
- unanticipated construction delays, changes in costs, receipt of required permits and authorizations, ability to fund capital projects and other factors that could affect future generating facilities and infrastructure additions;
- the impact of new accounting guidance or changes in current accounting estimates and assumptions on MidAmerican Funding's or MidAmerican Energy's consolidated financial results;
- the effects of catastrophic and other unforeseen events, which may be caused by factors beyond MidAmerican Energy's control or by a breakdown or failure of its operating assets, including storms, floods, fires, explosions, litigation, wars, terrorism and embargoes; and
- other business or investment considerations that may be disclosed from time to time in MidAmerican Funding's or MidAmerican Energy's filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or in other publicly disseminated written documents.

Further details of the potential risks and uncertainties affecting MidAmerican Funding or MidAmerican Energy are described in their filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, including Part II, Item 1A and other discussions contained in this Form 10-Q. MidAmerican Funding and MidAmerican Energy undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The foregoing factors should not be construed as exclusive.

PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements

MidAmerican Energy Company

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of MidAmerican Energy Company Des Moines, Iowa

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of MidAmerican Energy Company (the "Company") as of March 31, 2015, and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the balance sheet and statement of capitalization (not presented herein) of MidAmerican Energy Company as of December 31, 2014, and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 27, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Des Moines, Iowa May 1, 2015

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	As of						
	M	arch 31, 2015	Dec	ember 31, 2014			
ASSETS							
Utility plant, net:	.	10 100	•	10.10			
Electric	\$	13,433	\$	13,426			
Gas		1,450		1,432			
Gross utility plant in service		14,883		14,858			
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(4,968)		(4,954)			
Utility plant in service, net		9,915		9,904			
Construction work in progress		677		606			
Total utility plant, net		10,592		10,510			
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		_		29			
Receivables, net		390		433			
Income taxes receivable		327		307			
Inventories		151		185			
Other		94		87			
Total current assets		962		1,041			
Other assets:							
Regulatory assets		902		908			
Investments and nonregulated property, net		647		634			
Other		145		164			
Total other assets		1,694		1,706			
Total assets	\$	13,248	\$	13,257			
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES							
Capitalization:							
MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity	\$	4,346	\$	4,250			
Long-term debt, excluding current portion		3,629		3,630			
Total capitalization		7,975		7,880			
Current liabilities:							
Short-term debt		65		50			
Current portion of long-term debt		431		426			
Accounts payable		276		392			
Taxes accrued		108		128			
Interest accrued		35		40			
Other		120		131			
Total current liabilities		1,035		1,167			
Other liabilities:							
Deferred income taxes		2,681		2,663			
Asset retirement obligations		438		432			
Regulatory liabilities		838		837			
Other		281		278			
Total other liabilities		4,238		4,210			

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Three-Mon Ended M	
	2015	2014
Operating revenue:	Φ 426	¢ 450
Regulated electric	\$ 426 295	\$ 450 511
Regulated gas		
Nonregulated	225	264
Total operating revenue	946	1,225
Operating costs and expenses:		
Regulated:		
Cost of fuel, energy and capacity	122	146
Cost of gas sold	201	409
Other operating expenses	117	109
Maintenance	49	44
Depreciation and amortization	100	85
Property and other taxes	33	32
Total regulated operating costs and expenses	622	825
Nonregulated:		
Cost of sales	212	241
Other	6	6
Total nonregulated operating costs and expenses	218	247
Total operating costs and expenses	840	1,072
Operating income	106	153
Non-operating income:		
Allowance for equity funds	5	9
Other, net	4	2
Total non-operating income	9	11
Fixed charges:		
Interest on long-term debt	44	40
Allowance for borrowed funds	(2)	(4)
Total fixed charges	42	36
Income before income tax benefit	73	128
Income tax benefit	(21)	(29)
Net income	\$ 94	\$ 157

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

		Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,		
	2015		2014	
Net income	\$	94	\$	157
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$- and \$1				1
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$2 and \$10		2		14
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		2		15
Comprehensive income	\$	96	\$	172

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Common Stock				Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net		Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	561	\$	3,295	\$ (11)	\$	3,845
Net income				157	_		157
Other comprehensive income		_		_	15		15
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$	561	\$	3,452	\$ 4	\$	4,017
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	561	\$	3,712	\$ (23)	\$	4,250
Net income		_		94	_		94
Other comprehensive income					2		2
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	561	\$	3,806	\$ (21)	\$	4,346

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,					
	2	015		2014		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	94	\$	157		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		100		85		
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits				(16)		
Changes in other assets and liabilities		11		12		
Other, net		7		(8)		
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities:						
Receivables, net		43		(156)		
Inventories		34		61		
Derivative collateral, net		15		(32)		
Pension and other postretirement benefit plans		(2)		_		
Accounts payable		(45)		44		
Taxes accrued, net		(40)		(31)		
Other current assets and liabilities		(11)		(20)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		206		96		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Utility construction expenditures		(244)		(179)		
Purchases of available-for-sale securities		(27)		(23)		
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities		19		22		
Other, net		2		3		
Net cash flows from investing activities		(250)		(177)		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Net proceeds from short-term debt		15		_		
Net cash flows from financing activities		15				
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(29)		(81)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		29		194		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$		\$	113		

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(1) General

MidAmerican Energy Company ("MidAmerican Energy") is a public utility with electric and natural gas operations and is the principal subsidiary of MHC Inc. ("MHC"). MHC is a holding company that conducts no business other than the ownership of its subsidiaries and related corporate services. MHC's nonregulated subsidiaries include Midwest Capital Group, Inc. and MEC Construction Services Co. MHC is the direct, wholly owned subsidiary of MidAmerican Funding, LLC ("MidAmerican Funding"), which is an Iowa limited liability company with Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company ("BHE") as its sole member. BHE is a consolidated subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway Inc. ("Berkshire Hathaway").

The unaudited Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements. Management believes the unaudited Financial Statements contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for the fair presentation of the unaudited Financial Statements as of March 31, 2015, and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. The results of operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the unaudited Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparing the unaudited Financial Statements. Note 2 of Notes to Financial Statements included in MidAmerican Energy's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, describes the most significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the unaudited Financial Statements. There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Energy's assumptions regarding significant accounting estimates and policies during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015.

(2) New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-03, which amends FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Subtopic 835-30, "Interest - Imputation of Interest." The amendments in this guidance require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability instead of as an asset. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. This guidance must be adopted retrospectively, wherein the balance sheet of each period presented should be adjusted to reflect the new guidance. MidAmerican Energy is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its Financial Statements and disclosures included within Notes to Financial Statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, which creates FASB ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and supersedes ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition." The guidance replaces industry-specific guidance and establishes a single five-step model to identify and recognize revenue. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue upon transfer of control of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Additionally, the guidance requires the entity to disclose further quantitative and qualitative information regarding the nature and amount of revenues arising from contracts with customers, as well as other information about the significant judgments and estimates used in recognizing revenues from contracts with customers. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early application is not permitted. This guidance may be adopted retrospectively or under a modified retrospective method where the cumulative effect is recognized at the date of initial application. MidAmerican Energy is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its Financial Statements and disclosures included within Notes to Financial Statements.

(3) Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net

The following table shows the change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net ("AOCI") by each component of other comprehensive income, net of applicable income taxes (in millions):

Loss Available	(Losse on Ca	s) Gains sh Flow	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net		
\$	(4)	\$	(7)	\$	(11)
Ψ	1	Ψ	14	Ψ	15
\$	(3)	\$	7	\$	4
\$	(3)	\$	(20)	\$	(23)
			2		2
\$	(3)	\$	(18)	\$	(21)
	Loss Available Secu \$	\$ (3) \$ (3)	Losses on (Losse on Ca Securities	Losses on Available-For-Sale Securities	Losses on (Losses) Gains O Compression Cash Flow Compression Cash Flow Compression Cash Flow Compression Cash Flow Cash Flow

For information regarding cash flow hedge reclassifications from AOCI to net income in their entirety, refer to Note 6.

(4) Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the federal statutory income tax rate to MidAmerican Energy's effective income tax rate applicable to income before income tax benefit is as follows:

		nth Periods March 31,
	2015	2014
Federal statutory income tax rate	35 %	35 %
Income tax credits	(57)	(54)
State income tax, net of federal income tax benefit	4	2
Effects of ratemaking	(10)	(5)
Other, net	(1)	(1)
Effective income tax rate	(29)%	(23)%

Income tax credits relate primarily to production tax credits earned by MidAmerican Energy's wind-powered generating facilities. Federal renewable electricity production tax credits are earned as energy from qualifying wind-powered generating facilities is produced and sold and are based on a per-kilowatt hour rate pursuant to the applicable federal income tax law. Wind-powered generating facilities are eligible for the credits for 10 years from the date the qualifying generating facilities are placed in service.

Berkshire Hathaway includes BHE and subsidiaries in its United States federal income tax return. Consistent with established regulatory practice, MidAmerican Energy's provision for income taxes has been computed on a stand-alone basis, and substantially all of its currently payable or receivable income taxes are remitted to or received from BHE. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, MidAmerican Energy did not have any cash transactions for income taxes with BHE.

(5) Employee Benefit Plans

MidAmerican Energy sponsors a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan covering a majority of all employees of BHE and its domestic energy subsidiaries other than PacifiCorp and NV Energy, Inc. MidAmerican Energy also sponsors certain postretirement healthcare and life insurance benefits covering substantially all retired employees of BHE and its domestic energy subsidiaries other than PacifiCorp and NV Energy, Inc.

Net periodic benefit cost for the plans of MidAmerican Energy and the aforementioned affiliates included the following components (in millions):

		Ionth Periods March 31,
	2015	2014
Pension:		
Service cost	\$	3 \$ 3
Interest cost		8 9
Expected return on plan assets	(1	1) (11)
Net amortization	_	- 1
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ -	_ \$ 2
Other postretirement:		
Service cost	\$	2 \$ 1
Interest cost		2 2
Expected return on plan assets	(4) (3)
Net amortization	(1) (1)
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$ (1) \$ (1)

Employer contributions to the pension and other postretirement benefit plans are expected to be \$8 million and \$1 million, respectively, during 2015. As of March 31, 2015, \$2 million and \$- million of contributions had been made to the pension and other postretirement benefit plans, respectively.

(6) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

MidAmerican Energy is exposed to the impact of market fluctuations in commodity prices and interest rates. MidAmerican Energy is principally exposed to electricity, natural gas, coal and fuel oil commodity price risk as it has an obligation to serve retail customer load in its regulated service territory. MidAmerican Energy also provides nonregulated retail electricity and natural gas services in competitive markets, which creates contractual obligations to provide electric and natural gas services. MidAmerican Energy's load and generating facilities represent substantial underlying commodity positions. Exposures to commodity prices consist mainly of variations in the price of fuel required to generate electricity, wholesale electricity that is purchased and sold, and natural gas supply for retail customers. Commodity prices are subject to wide price swings as supply and demand are impacted by, among many other unpredictable items, weather; market liquidity; generating facility availability; customer usage; storage; and transmission and transportation constraints. Interest rate risk exists on variable-rate debt and future debt issuances. MidAmerican Energy does not engage in a material amount of proprietary trading activities.

MidAmerican Energy has established a risk management process that is designed to identify, assess, monitor, report, manage and mitigate each of the various types of risk involved in its business. To mitigate a portion of its commodity price risk, MidAmerican Energy uses commodity derivative contracts, which may include forwards, futures, options, swaps and other agreements, to effectively secure future supply or sell future production generally at fixed prices. MidAmerican Energy manages its interest rate risk by limiting its exposure to variable interest rates primarily through the issuance of fixed-rate long-term debt and by monitoring market changes in interest rates. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy may from time to time enter into interest rate derivative contracts, such as interest rate swaps or locks, to mitigate its exposure to interest rate risk. MidAmerican Energy does not hedge all of its commodity price and interest rate risks, thereby exposing the unhedged portion to changes in market prices.

There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Energy's accounting policies related to derivatives. Refer to Note 7 for additional information on derivative contracts.

The following table, which reflects master netting arrangements and excludes contracts that have been designated as normal under the normal purchases or normal sales exception afforded by GAAP, summarizes the fair value of MidAmerican Energy's derivative contracts, on a gross basis, and reconciles those amounts to the amounts presented on a net basis on the Balance Sheets (in millions):

	Current Assets - Other		Assets -		Assets - Assets - Liabilities - Liabilities -		iabilities -	Total	
As of March 31, 2015:									
Not designated as hedging contracts ⁽¹⁾ :									
Commodity assets	\$	11	\$	4	\$	8	\$	_	\$ 23
Commodity liabilities				(1)		(35)		(3)	(39)
Total		11		3	_	(27)		(3)	(16)
Designated as hedging contracts:									
Commodity assets		_		_		4		1	5
Commodity liabilities		_		_		(20)		(19)	(39)
Total						(16)		(18)	(34)
Total derivatives		11		3		(43)		(21)	(50)
Cash collateral receivable		_		_		23		6	29
Total derivatives - net basis	\$	11	\$	3	\$	(20)	\$	(15)	\$ (21)
As of December 31, 2014:									
Not designated as hedging contracts ⁽¹⁾ :									
Commodity assets	\$	14	\$	3	\$	19	\$	1	\$ 37
Commodity liabilities		_		_		(69)		(4)	(73)
Total		14		3		(50)		(3)	(36)
Designated as hedging contracts:									
Commodity assets		_		_		4		2	6
Commodity liabilities		_		_		(27)		(17)	(44)
Total					_	(23)	_	(15)	(38)
Total derivatives		14		3		(73)		(18)	(74)
Cash collateral receivable		_		_		42		5	47
Total derivatives - net basis	\$	14	\$	3	\$	(31)	\$	(13)	\$ (27)

⁽¹⁾ MidAmerican Energy's commodity derivatives not designated as hedging contracts are generally included in regulated rates, and as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, a net regulatory asset of \$18 million and \$38 million, respectively, was recorded related to the net derivative liability of \$16 million and \$36 million, respectively.

Not Designated as Hedging Contracts

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of MidAmerican Energy's net regulatory assets and summarizes the pre-tax gains and losses on commodity derivative contracts recognized in net regulatory assets, as well as amounts reclassified to earnings (in millions):

	_	Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,					
	201	2015		2014			
Beginning balance	\$	38	\$	10			
Changes in fair value recognized in net regulatory assets		2		42			
Net losses reclassified to operating revenue		(16)		(19)			
Net losses reclassified to cost of gas sold		(6)		(1)			
Ending balance	\$	18	\$	32			

The following table summarizes the pre-tax gains (losses) included on the Statements of Operations associated with MidAmerican Energy's commodity derivative contracts not designated as hedging contracts and not recorded as a net regulatory asset or liability (in millions):

		ee-Mont Inded Ma		
	20	015	2014	<u> </u>
Nonregulated operating revenue	\$	3	\$	(9)
Regulated cost of gas sold		1		_
Nonregulated cost of sales		(4)		21
Total	\$		\$	12

Designated as Hedging Contracts

MidAmerican Energy uses commodity derivative contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges to hedge electricity and natural gas commodity prices for delivery to nonregulated customers. The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of MidAmerican Energy's accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss (pre-tax) and summarizes pre-tax gains and losses on commodity derivative contracts designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), as well as amounts reclassified to earnings (in millions):

Three Month Dorieda

		Ended March 31,				
	20	2015)14		
Beginning balance	\$	34	\$	11		
Changes in fair value recognized in OCI		(6)		(58)		
Net gains reclassified to nonregulated cost of sales		2		34		
Ending balance	\$	30	\$	(13)		

Realized gains and losses on hedges and hedge ineffectiveness are recognized in income as nonregulated operating revenue or nonregulated cost of sales depending upon the nature of the item being hedged. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, hedge ineffectiveness was a pre-tax gain of \$1 million and \$- million, respectively. As of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Energy had cash flow hedges with expiration dates extending through December 2019, and \$16 million of pre-tax net unrealized losses are forecasted to be reclassified from AOCI into earnings over the next twelve months as contracts settle.

Derivative Contract Volumes

The following table summarizes the net notional amounts of outstanding commodity derivative contracts with fixed price terms that comprise the mark-to-market values as of (in millions):

	Unit of Measure	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Electricity purchases	Megawatt hours	15	14
Natural gas purchases	Decatherms	16	19

Credit Risk

MidAmerican Energy is exposed to counterparty credit risk associated with wholesale energy supply and marketing activities with other utilities, energy marketing companies, financial institutions and other market participants. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy participates in the regional transmission organization ("RTO") markets and has indirect credit exposure related to other participants, although RTO credit policies are designed to limit exposure to credit losses from individual participants. Credit risk may be concentrated to the extent MidAmerican Energy's counterparties have similar economic, industry or other characteristics and due to direct or indirect relationships among the counterparties. Before entering into a transaction, MidAmerican Energy analyzes the financial condition of each significant wholesale counterparty, establishes limits on the amount of unsecured credit to be extended to each counterparty, and evaluates the appropriateness of unsecured credit limits on an ongoing basis. To further mitigate wholesale counterparty credit risk, MidAmerican Energy enters into netting and collateral arrangements that may include margining and cross-product netting agreements and obtains third-party guarantees, letters of credit and cash deposits. If required, MidAmerican Energy exercises rights under these arrangements, including calling on the counterparty's credit support arrangement.

Collateral and Contingent Features

In accordance with industry practice, certain wholesale derivative contracts contain credit support provisions that in part base MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements on its credit ratings for senior unsecured debt as reported by one or more of the three recognized credit rating agencies. These derivative contracts may either specifically provide bilateral rights to demand cash or other security if credit exposures on a net basis exceed specified rating-dependent threshold levels ("credit-risk-related contingent features") or provide the right for counterparties to demand "adequate assurance," or in some cases terminate the contract, in the event of a material adverse change in MidAmerican Energy's creditworthiness. These rights can vary by contract and by counterparty. As of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings from the three recognized credit rating agencies were investment grade.

The aggregate fair value of MidAmerican Energy's derivative contracts in liability positions with specific credit-risk-related contingent features totaled \$39 million and \$52 million as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, for which MidAmerican Energy had posted collateral of \$- million at each date. If all credit-risk-related contingent features for derivative contracts in liability positions had been triggered as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, MidAmerican Energy would have been required to post \$31 million and \$36 million, respectively, of additional collateral. MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements could fluctuate considerably due to market price volatility, changes in credit ratings, changes in legislation or regulation, or other factors.

(7) Fair Value Measurements

The carrying value of MidAmerican Energy's cash, certain cash equivalents, receivables, payables, accrued liabilities and short-term borrowings approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. MidAmerican Energy has various financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on the Financial Statements using inputs from the three levels of the fair value hierarchy. A financial asset or liability classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that MidAmerican Energy has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs reflect MidAmerican Energy's judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability since limited market data exists. MidAmerican Energy develops these inputs based on the best information available, including its own data.

The following table presents MidAmerican Energy's assets and liabilities recognized on the Balance Sheets and measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in millions):

		ut Levels f	01					(4)		
]	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Other ⁽¹⁾		Total
As of March 31, 2015:										
Assets: Commodity derivatives	\$		Ф	13	\$	15	\$	(14)	C	1.4
Money market mutual funds ⁽²⁾	Ф	1	\$	13	Ф	13	Þ	(14)	Ф	14 1
Debt securities:		1								1
United States government obligations		140								140
International government obligations		140		1						140
Corporate obligations				38						38
Municipal obligations				2						2
Agency, asset and mortgage-backed obligations		<u> </u>		2		<u> </u>		_		2
Auction rate securities		_				26				26
Equity securities:						20				20
United States companies		241		_		_		_		241
International companies		5				_				5
Investment funds		4		_		_		_		4
	\$	391	\$	56	\$	41	\$	(14)	\$	474
Liabilities - commodity derivatives	\$	(17)	\$	(55)	\$	(6)	\$	43	\$	(35)
As of December 31, 2014:										
Assets:										
Commodity derivatives	\$	1	\$	18	\$	24	\$	(26)	\$	17
Money market mutual funds ⁽²⁾		1		<u>—</u>		_		_		1
Debt securities:										
United States government obligations		136				_				136
International government obligations		_		1		_		_		1
Corporate obligations		_		39		_		_		39
Municipal obligations		_		2		_				2
Agency, asset and mortgage-backed obligations				2		<u></u>				2
Auction rate securities						26				26
Equity securities:						20				20
United States companies		238								220
•				_		_		_		238
International companies	Φ.	5	Φ.		¢.		Φ.	(20)	Φ.	5
	\$	381	\$	62	\$	50	<u>\$</u>	(26)	\$	467

⁽¹⁾ Represents netting under master netting arrangements and a net cash collateral receivable of \$29 million and \$47 million as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Amounts are included in cash and cash equivalents and investments and nonregulated property, net on the Balance Sheets. The fair value of these money market mutual funds approximates cost.

Derivative contracts are recorded on the Balance Sheets as either assets or liabilities and are stated at estimated fair value unless they are designated as normal purchases or normal sales and qualify for the exception afforded by GAAP. When available, the fair value of derivative contracts is estimated using unadjusted quoted prices for identical contracts in the market in which MidAmerican Energy transacts. When quoted prices for identical contracts are not available, MidAmerican Energy uses forward price curves. Forward price curves represent MidAmerican Energy's estimates of the prices at which a buyer or seller could contract today for delivery or settlement at future dates. MidAmerican Energy bases its forward price curves upon market price quotations, when available, or internally developed and commercial models, with internal and external fundamental data inputs. Market price quotations are obtained from independent energy brokers, exchanges, direct communication with market participants and actual transactions executed by MidAmerican Energy. Market price quotations are generally readily obtainable for the applicable term of MidAmerican Energy's outstanding derivative contracts; therefore, MidAmerican Energy's forward price curves reflect observable market quotes. Market price quotations for certain electricity and natural gas trading hubs are not as readily obtainable due to the length of the contract. Given that limited market data exists for these contracts, as well as for those contracts that are not actively traded, MidAmerican Energy uses forward price curves derived from internal models based on perceived pricing relationships to major trading hubs that are based on unobservable inputs. The estimated fair value of these derivative contracts is a function of underlying forward commodity prices, interest rates, related volatility, counterparty creditworthiness and duration of contracts. Refer to Note 6 for further discussion regarding MidAmerican Energy's risk management and hedging activities.

MidAmerican Energy's investments in money market mutual funds and debt and equity securities are stated at fair value and are accounted for as available-for-sale securities. When available, a readily observable quoted market price or net asset value of an identical security in an active market is used to record the fair value. In the absence of a quoted market price or net asset value of an identical security, the fair value is determined using pricing models or net asset values based on observable market inputs and quoted market prices of securities with similar characteristics. The fair value of MidAmerican Energy's investments in auction rate securities, where there is no current liquid market, is determined using pricing models based on available observable market data and MidAmerican Energy's judgment about the assumptions, including liquidity and nonperformance risks, which market participants would use when pricing the asset.

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of MidAmerican Energy's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant Level 3 inputs (in millions):

	Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,					
	Commodity Derivatives		R	ction late urities		
<u>2015:</u>						
Beginning balance	\$	12	\$	26		
Changes included in earnings ⁽¹⁾		2		_		
Changes in fair value recognized in OCI		1		—		
Settlements		(6)				
Ending balance	\$	9	\$	26		
2014:						
Beginning balance	\$	(3)	\$	23		
Changes included in earnings ⁽¹⁾		(6)		—		
Changes in fair value recognized in OCI		3		2		
Changes in fair value recognized in net regulatory assets		3		_		
Settlements		1		_		
Ending balance	\$	(2)	\$	25		

⁽¹⁾ Changes included in earnings are reported as nonregulated operating revenue on the Statements of Operations. For commodity derivatives held as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, net unrealized gains (losses) included in earnings for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, totaled \$3 million and \$(1) million, respectively.

MidAmerican Energy's long-term debt is carried at cost on the Financial Statements. The fair value of MidAmerican Energy's long-term debt is a Level 2 fair value measurement and has been estimated based upon quoted market prices, where available, or at the present value of future cash flows discounted at rates consistent with comparable maturities with similar credit risks. The carrying value of MidAmerican Energy's variable-rate long-term debt approximates fair value because of the frequent repricing of these instruments at market rates. The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of MidAmerican Energy's long-term debt (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2015			A	s of Decem	ber 31, 2014		
	Carrying Value		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Long-term debt	\$	4,060	\$	4,653	\$	4,056	\$	4,581

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

MidAmerican Energy is party to a variety of legal actions arising out of the normal course of business. Plaintiffs occasionally seek punitive or exemplary damages. MidAmerican Energy does not believe that such normal and routine litigation will have a material impact on its financial results.

Environmental Laws and Regulations

MidAmerican Energy is subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations regarding air and water quality, emissions performance standards, climate change, coal combustion byproduct disposal, hazardous and solid waste disposal, protected species and other environmental matters that have the potential to impact its current and future operations. MidAmerican Energy believes it is in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

(9) Segment Information

MidAmerican Energy has identified three reportable segments: regulated electric, regulated gas and nonregulated energy. The regulated electric segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of electricity to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and from wholesale sales. The regulated gas segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of natural gas to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and also obtains revenue by transporting gas owned by others through its distribution system. Pricing for regulated electric and regulated gas sales are established separately by regulatory agencies; therefore, management also reviews each segment separately to make decisions regarding allocation of resources and in evaluating performance. The nonregulated energy segment derives most of its revenue from nonregulated retail electric and gas activities. Common operating costs, interest income, interest expense and income tax expense are allocated to each segment based on certain factors, which primarily relate to the nature of the cost.

The following tables provide information on a reportable segment basis (in millions):

		Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,		
	2015		2014	
Operating revenue:				
Regulated electric	\$ 42	26 \$	450	
Regulated gas	29	95	511	
Nonregulated energy	22	25	264	
Total operating revenue	\$ 94	16 \$	1,225	
Depreciation and amortization:				
Regulated electric	\$	90 \$	75	
Regulated gas		0	10	
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 10	00 \$	85	
Operating income:				
Regulated electric	\$	53 \$	83	
Regulated gas	4	1 7	58	
Nonregulated energy		6	12	
Total operating income	\$ 10)6 \$	153	

	As of				
		arch 31, 2015	Dec	cember 31, 2014	
Total assets:				_	
Regulated electric	\$	11,959	\$	11,859	
Regulated gas		1,138		1,231	
Nonregulated energy		151		167	
Total assets	\$	13,248	\$	13,257	

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Managers and Member of MidAmerican Funding, LLC Des Moines, Iowa

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of MidAmerican Funding, LLC and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of capitalization (not presented herein) of MidAmerican Funding, LLC and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 27, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Des Moines, Iowa May 1, 2015

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	As of			
	March 31, 2015			ember 31, 2014
ASSETS				
Utility plant, net:				
Electric	\$	13,433	\$	13,426
Gas		1,450		1,432
Gross utility plant in service		14,883		14,858
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(4,968)		(4,954)
Utility plant in service, net		9,915		9,904
Construction work in progress		677		606
Total utility plant, net		10,592		10,510
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		1		30
Receivables, net		392		437
Income taxes receivable		320		303
Inventories		151		185
Other		94		87
Total current assets		958		1,042
Other assets:				·
Goodwill		1,270		1,270
Regulatory assets		902		908
Investments and nonregulated property, net		664		651
Other		145		163
Total other assets		2,981	-	2,992
Total assets	\$	14,531	\$	14,544
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES				
Capitalization:				
MidAmerican Funding member's equity	\$	5,175	\$	5,073
Long-term debt, excluding current portion		3,954		3,955
Total capitalization		9,129		9,028
Current liabilities:				,,o <u>=</u> 0
Short-term debt		65		50
Current portion of long-term debt		431		426
Note payable to affiliate		132		136
Accounts payable		276		392
Taxes accrued		108		128
Interest accrued		37		48
Other		120		131
Total current liabilities		1,169		1,311
Other liabilities:	_	1,107	_	1,511
Deferred income taxes		2,675		2,657
Asset retirement obligations		438		432
Regulatory liabilities		838		837
Other		282		279
Total other liabilities				
	Φ.	4,233	Φ.	4,205
Total capitalization and liabilities	\$	14,531	\$	14,544

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Three-Mor Ended M	ith Periods Iarch 31,
	2015	2014
Operating revenue:		
Regulated electric	\$ 426	\$ 450
Regulated gas	295	511
Nonregulated	230	269
Total operating revenue	951	1,230
Operating costs and expenses:		
Regulated:		
Cost of fuel, energy and capacity	122	146
Cost of gas sold	201	409
Other operating expenses	117	109
Maintenance	49	44
Depreciation and amortization	100	85
Property and other taxes	33	32
Total regulated operating costs and expenses	622	825
Nonregulated:		
Cost of sales	216	241
Other	6	11
Total nonregulated operating costs and expenses	222	252
Total operating costs and expenses	844	1,077
Operating income	107_	153
Non-operating income:		
Allowance for equity funds	5	9
Other, net	17	5
Total non-operating income	22	14
Fixed charges:		
Interest on long-term debt	50	46
Allowance for borrowed funds	(2)	(4)
Total fixed charges	48	42
		105
Income before income tax benefit	81	125
Income tax benefit	(18)	(30)
Net income	\$ 99	\$ 155

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

		Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,			
	20	2015		014	
Net income	_\$	99	\$	155	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$- and \$1		_		1	
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$2 and \$10		2		14	
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		2		15	
Comprehensive income	\$	101	\$	170	

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	 Paid-in Retained Capital Earnings		Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net	 Total Equity	
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 1,679	\$	3,009	\$ (11)	\$ 4,677
Net income	_		155	_	155
Other comprehensive income	_		_	15	15
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$ 1,679	\$	3,164	\$ 4	\$ 4,847
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 1,679	\$	3,417	\$ (23)	\$ 5,073
Net income	_		99	_	99
Other comprehensive income				2	2
Other equity transactions	_		1	_	1
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 1,679	\$	3,517	\$ (21)	\$ 5,175

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Three-Month Periods Ended March 31,				
	2015			2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$	99	\$	155	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		100		85	
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits				(16)	
Changes in other assets and liabilities		11		12	
Other, net		(6)		(5)	
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities:					
Receivables, net		44		(155)	
Inventories		34		61	
Derivative collateral, net		15		(32)	
Pension and other postretirement benefit plans		(2)		_	
Accounts payable		(45)		44	
Taxes accrued, net		(37)		(32)	
Other current assets and liabilities		(16)		(25)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		197		92	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Utility construction expenditures		(244)		(179)	
Purchases of available-for-sale securities		(27)		(23)	
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities		19		22	
Proceeds from sales of investments		13		_	
Other, net		2		6	
Net cash flows from investing activities		(237)		(174)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Net change in note payable to affiliate		(4)		2	
Net proceeds from short-term debt		15		_	
Net cash flows from financing activities		11		2	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(29)		(80)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		30		194	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	1	\$	114	

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(1) General

MidAmerican Funding, LLC ("MidAmerican Funding") is an Iowa limited liability company with Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company ("BHE") as its sole member. BHE is a consolidated subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway Inc. ("Berkshire Hathaway"). MidAmerican Funding's direct, wholly owned subsidiary is MHC Inc. ("MHC"), which constitutes substantially all of MidAmerican Funding's assets, liabilities and business activities except those related to MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt securities. MHC conducts no business other than the ownership of its subsidiaries and related corporate services. MHC's principal subsidiary is MidAmerican Energy Company ("MidAmerican Energy"), a public utility with electric and natural gas operations. Direct, wholly owned nonregulated subsidiaries of MHC are Midwest Capital Group, Inc. and MEC Construction Services Co.

The unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements. Management believes the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for the fair presentation of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as of March 31, 2015, and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. The results of operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparing the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in MidAmerican Funding's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, describes the most significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Funding's assumptions regarding significant accounting estimates and policies during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015.

Refer to Note 1 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(2) New Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(3) Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net

Refer to Note 3 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(4) Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the federal statutory income tax rate to MidAmerican Funding's effective income tax rate applicable to income before income tax benefit is as follows:

	Three-Montl Ended Ma	
	2015	2014
Federal statutory income tax rate	35 %	35 %
Income tax credits	(51)	(55)
State income tax, net of federal income tax benefit	4	2
Effects of ratemaking	(9)	(5)
Other, net	(1)	(1)
Effective income tax rate	(22)%	(24)%

Income tax credits relate primarily to production tax credits earned by MidAmerican Energy's wind-powered generating facilities. Federal renewable electricity production tax credits are earned as energy from qualifying wind-powered generating facilities is produced and sold and are based on a per-kilowatt hour rate pursuant to the applicable federal income tax law. Wind-powered generating facilities are eligible for the credits for 10 years from the date the qualifying generating facilities are placed in service.

Berkshire Hathaway includes BHE and subsidiaries in its United States federal income tax return. Consistent with established regulatory practice, MidAmerican Funding's and MidAmerican Energy's provisions for income taxes have been computed on a stand-alone basis, and substantially all of their currently payable or receivable income taxes are remitted to or received from BHE. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, MidAmerican Funding did not have any cash transactions for income taxes with BHE.

(5) Employee Benefit Plans

Refer to Note 5 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(6) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

Refer to Note 6 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(7) Fair Value Measurements

Refer to Note 7 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt is carried at cost on the Consolidated Financial Statements. The fair value of MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt is a Level 2 fair value measurement and has been estimated based upon quoted market prices, where available, or at the present value of future cash flows discounted at rates consistent with comparable maturities with similar credit risks. The carrying value of MidAmerican Funding's variable-rate long-term debt approximates fair value because of the frequent repricing of these instruments at market rates. The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt (in millions):

	A	As of Mar	h 31, 2015			ch 31, 2015 As of December			ber	31, 2014
		arrying Value		Fair Value				Carrying Value	Fair Value	
Long-term debt	\$	4,385	\$	5,094	\$	4,381	\$	5,012		

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

MidAmerican Funding is party to a variety of legal actions arising out of the normal course of business. Plaintiffs occasionally seek punitive or exemplary damages. MidAmerican Funding does not believe that such normal and routine litigation will have a material impact on its consolidated financial results.

Refer to Note 8 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(9) Segment Information

MidAmerican Funding has identified three reportable segments: regulated electric, regulated gas and nonregulated energy. The regulated electric segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of electricity to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and from wholesale sales. The regulated gas segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of natural gas to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and also obtains revenue by transporting gas owned by others through its distribution system. Pricing for regulated electric and regulated gas sales are established separately by regulatory agencies; therefore, management also reviews each segment separately to make decisions regarding allocation of resources and in evaluating performance. The nonregulated energy segment derives most of its revenue from nonregulated retail electric and gas activities. Common operating costs, interest income, interest expense and income tax expense are allocated to each segment based on certain factors, which primarily relate to the nature of the cost. "Other" in the tables below consists of the nonregulated subsidiaries of MidAmerican Funding not engaged in the energy business and parent company interest expense.

The following tables provide information on a reportable segment basis (in millions):

	,	Three-Month Periods					
		Ended March 31,					
		2015	2014				
Operating revenue:							
Regulated electric	\$	426	\$	450			
Regulated gas		295		511			
Nonregulated energy		225		264			
Other		5		5			
Total operating revenue	\$	951	\$	1,230			
Depreciation and amortization:							
Regulated electric	\$	90	\$	75			
Regulated gas		10		10			
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	100	\$	85			
Operating income:							
Regulated electric	\$	53	\$	83			
Regulated gas		47		58			
Nonregulated energy		6		12			
Other		1		_			
Total operating income	\$	107	\$	153			

		As of					
	March 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014				
Total assets ⁽¹⁾ :							
Regulated electric	\$ 13,15	0 \$	13,050				
Regulated gas	1,21	7	1,310				
Nonregulated energy	15	1	167				
Other	1	3	17				
Total assets	\$ 14,53	1 \$	14,544				

⁽¹⁾ Total assets by reportable segment reflect the assignment of goodwill to applicable reporting units.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

MidAmerican Funding is an Iowa limited liability company whose sole member is BHE. MidAmerican Funding owns all of the outstanding common stock of MHC Inc., which owns all of the common stock of MidAmerican Energy, Midwest Capital Group, Inc. and MEC Construction Services Co. MidAmerican Energy is a public utility company headquartered in Des Moines, Iowa. MHC Inc., MidAmerican Funding and BHE are also headquartered in Des Moines, Iowa.

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain significant factors that have affected the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of MidAmerican Funding and its subsidiaries and MidAmerican Energy as presented in this joint filing. Information in Management's Discussion and Analysis related to MidAmerican Energy, whether or not segregated, also relates to MidAmerican Funding. Information related to other subsidiaries of MidAmerican Funding pertains only to the discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of MidAmerican Funding. Where necessary, discussions have been segregated under the heading "MidAmerican Funding" to allow the reader to identify information applicable only to MidAmerican Funding. Explanations include management's best estimate of the impact of weather, customer growth and other factors. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the historical unaudited Financial Statements and Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q. MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's actual results in the future could differ significantly from the historical results.

Results of Operations for the First Quarter of 2015 and 2014

Overview

MidAmerican Energy -

MidAmerican Energy's net income for the first quarter of 2015 was \$94 million, a decrease of \$63 million, or 40%, compared to 2014 due to changes in regulated electric retail rate structure in Iowa related to seasonal pricing, partially offset by higher retail rates, lower natural gas margins from colder than normal winter temperatures in 2014, greater depreciation and amortization expense from utility plant additions, a decrease in federal income tax benefits from lower recognized production tax credits, higher maintenance costs related to wind-powered generating facilities, higher interest on long-term debt primarily from the issuance of first mortgage bonds in April 2014, net of the effect of a related debt retirement in May 2014, and lower AFUDC, partially offset by higher electric transmission revenue from MidAmerican Energy's Multi-Value Projects ("MVPs").

MidAmerican Funding -

MidAmerican Funding's net income for the first quarter of 2015 was \$99 million, a decrease of \$56 million, or 36%, compared to 2014. In addition to the changes in MidAmerican Energy's earnings discussed above, MidAmerican Funding recognized an \$8 million after-tax gain on the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease in the first quarter of 2015.

Regulated Electric Gross Margin

A comparison of key operating results related to regulated electric gross margin is as follows:

		First Quarter						
	20)15	5 2014		014 Chai		nge	
Gross margin (in millions):								
Operating revenue	\$	426	\$	450	\$	(24)	(5)%	
Cost of fuel, energy and capacity		122		146		(24)	(16)	
Gross margin	\$	304	\$	304	\$	_	—	
Electricity Sales (GWh):								
Residential	1	,743		1,867	(124)	(7)%	
Small general service		996		1,092		(96)	(9)	
Large general service	2	2,692		2,415		277	11	
Other		400		413		(13)	(3)	
Total retail	5	,831		5,787		44	1	
Wholesale	2	2,850		2,862		(12)	_	
Total sales	8	3,681	_	8,649		32	_	
Average number of retail customers (in thousands)		750		744		6	1 %	
Average revenue per MWh:								
Retail	\$ 6	51.25	\$	62.93	\$ (1	1.68)	(3)%	
Wholesale	\$ 1	9.49	\$	26.55	\$ (7	7.06)	(27)%	
Heating degree days	3	,329		3,815	((486)	(13)%	
Sources of energy (GWh) ⁽¹⁾ :								
Coal	4	,562		4,747	((185)	(4)%	
Nuclear		876		992	(116)	(12)	
Natural gas		(5)		19		(24)	*	
Wind and other ⁽²⁾	2	2,641		2,341		300	13	
Total energy generated	8	3,074		8,099		(25)	—	
Energy purchased		693		814	(121)	(15)	
Total	8	3,767		8,913	((146)	(2)	

Not meaningful.

⁽¹⁾ GWh amounts are net of energy used by the related generating facilities.

⁽²⁾ All or some of the renewable energy attributes associated with generation from these generating facilities may be: (a) used in future years to comply with renewable portfolio standards or other regulatory requirements or (b) sold to third parties in the form of renewable energy credits or other environmental commodities.

Electric gross margin for the first quarter of 2015 was unchanged compared to 2014 due to higher MVP transmission revenue of \$5 million, lower wholesale gross margin of \$4 million and lower retail gross margin of \$1 million. MidAmerican Energy's MVP revenue is expected to increase as the projects are constructed over the next two years. Wholesale gross margin decreased due to a lower average margin per megawatt hour sold. Wholesale includes sales of electricity principally to markets operated by regional transmission organizations. Retail gross margin decreased due to \$17 million from lower electric retail rates and \$8 million from lower sales volumes for weather-sensitive customers in 2015 due to colder than normal winter temperatures in 2014, offset by \$15 million from higher recoveries through adjustment clauses, including DSM, \$6 million from lower generation costs for retail and \$3 million primarily from greater industrial sales volumes and customer growth. The decrease in electric rates reflects changes in Iowa rate structure related to seasonal pricing that were effective with the implementation of final Iowa base rates in August 2014 and result in a greater differential between higher rates from June to September and lower rates in the remaining months, partially offset by higher retail rates of \$45 million annually, effective January 2015, for the second step of the 2014 Iowa rate increase and \$16 million annually in Illinois, effective December 2014.

Regulated Gas Gross Margin

A comparison of key operating results related to regulated gas gross margin is as follows:

	First Quarter							
	2	2015 2014		2014		Chai	nge	
Gross margin (in millions):								
Operating revenue	\$	295	\$	511	\$	(216)	(42) %	
Cost of gas sold		201		409		(208)	(51)	
Gross margin	\$	94	\$	102	\$	(8)	(8)	
Natural gas throughput (000's Dth):								
Residential	2	5,031	2	29,317	(4	,286)	(15) %	
Small general service	1	2,108]	14,089	(1	,981)	(14)	
Large general service		1,543		1,605		(62)	(4)	
Other		22		27		(5)	(19)	
Total retail sales	3	8,704		15,038	(6	,334)	(14)	
Wholesale sales	1	2,317		7,901	4	,416	56	
Total sales	5	1,021	5	52,939	(1	,918)	(4)	
Gas transportation service	2	3,969	2	25,783	(1	,814)	(7)	
Total gas throughput	7	4,990		78,722	(3	,732)	(5)	
Average number of retail customers (in thousands)		734		727		7	1 %	
Average revenue per retail Dth sold	\$	6.35	\$	9.73	\$ ((3.38)	(35) %	
Average cost of natural gas per retail Dth sold	\$	4.18	\$	7.72	\$ ((3.54)	(46) %	
Combined retail and wholesale average cost of natural gas per Dth sold	\$	3.93	\$	7.73	\$ ((3.80)	(49) %	
Heating degree days		3,448		3,954		(506)	(13) %	

Regulated gas gross margin for the first quarter of 2015 decreased \$8 million compared to 2014 due to lower retail sales volumes in 2015 primarily as a result of colder than normal winter temperatures in 2014. Regulated gas revenue includes purchased gas adjustment clauses through which MidAmerican Energy is allowed to recover the cost of gas sold from its retail gas utility customers. Consequently, fluctuations in the cost of gas sold do not directly affect gross margin or net income because regulated gas revenue reflects comparable fluctuations through the purchased gas adjustment clauses. For the first quarter of 2015, MidAmerican Energy's combined retail and wholesale average per-unit cost of gas sold decreased 49%, resulting in a decrease of \$194 million in gas revenue and cost of gas sold compared to 2014. Additionally, the decrease in total sales volumes compared to 2014 decreased revenue and cost of gas sold for the first quarter of 2014.

Regulated Operating Costs and Expenses

Other operating expenses of \$117 million for the first quarter of 2015 increased \$8 million compared to 2014 due to \$10 million of higher DSM program costs, which are matched by increases in regulated electric and gas revenue and \$2 million of higher transmission operations costs, partially offset by a decrease in pension and postretirement costs and other operations costs.

Maintenance expense of \$49 million for the first quarter of 2015 increased \$5 million compared to 2014 due to higher wind-powered generating facility maintenance costs.

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$100 million for the first quarter of 2015 increased \$15 million compared to 2014 due to utility plant additions, including 511 MW (nominal ratings) of wind-powered generating facilities.

Nonregulated Gross Margin

MidAmerican Energy -

	First Quarter							
	2015 2014				2014		ige	
Gross margin (in millions):						-		
Nonregulated operating revenue	\$	225	\$	264	\$	(39)	(15)%	
Nonregulated cost of sales		212		241		(29)	(12)	
Nonregulated gross margin	\$	\$ 13		\$ 23		(10)	(43)	
Nonregulated electric sales (GWh)		2,474		2,234		240	11 %	
Nonregulated gas sales (000's Dth)	1	0,272	1	1,390	((1,118)	(10)%	
	_		_		_			

For the first quarter of 2015 compared to 2014, nonregulated operating revenue and cost of sales decreased due to lower prices and per-unit costs, respectively, on lower gas volumes, partially offset by an increase in nonregulated electric volumes. Nonregulated gross margin decreased due to lower average margins per unit sold on nonregulated electric and gas sales, lower nonregulated gas sales and lower income from the portion of margins on regulated gas wholesale sales that is retained by MidAmerican Energy, partially offset by higher nonregulated electric sales.

Non-Operating Income

MidAmerican Energy -

Allowance for equity funds of \$5 million for the first quarter of 2015 decreased \$4 million compared to 2014 primarily due to lower construction work-in-progress balances related to the installation of emissions control equipment at a number of MidAmerican Energy's jointly owned generating facilities.

MidAmerican Funding -

MidAmerican Funding's other, net of \$17 million for the first quarter of 2015 increased \$12 million compared to 2014 primarily due to a \$13 million pre-tax gain on the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease in 2015.

Fixed Charges

MidAmerican Energy -

Interest on long-term debt of \$44 million for the first quarter of 2015 increased \$4 million compared to 2014 due to higher interest expense from the issuance of first mortgage bonds totaling \$850 million in April 2014, partially offset by a decrease in interest expense from the redemption of \$350 million of 4.65% senior notes in May 2014.

Allowance for borrowed funds of \$2 million for the first quarter of 2015 decreased \$2 million compared to 2014 primarily due to lower construction work-in-progress balances related to the installation of emissions control equipment at a number of MidAmerican Energy's jointly owned generating facilities.

Income Tax Benefit

MidAmerican Energy -

MidAmerican Energy's income tax benefit was \$21 million for the first quarter of 2015, a decrease of \$8 million compared to \$29 million for 2014, with an effective tax rate of (29)% for 2015 and (23)% for 2014. The decrease in income tax benefit for the first quarter of 2015 was due to a decrease in recognized production tax credits, partially offset by the impact of a lower pre-tax income.

Production tax credits are recognized in earnings for interim periods based on the application of an estimated annual effective tax rate to pretax earnings. Federal renewable electricity production tax credits are earned as energy from qualifying wind-powered generating facilities is produced and sold based on a per-kilowatt hour rate pursuant to the applicable federal income tax law. Wind-powered generating facilities are eligible for the credits for 10 years from the date the qualifying generating facilities are placed in service. Production tax credits recognized in the first quarter of 2015 were \$41 million, or \$27 million lower than the first quarter of 2014, while production tax credits earned in the first quarter of 2015 were \$58 million, or \$4 million higher than the first quarter of 2014 primarily due to wind-powered generation placed in service in late 2014. The difference between production tax credits recognized and earned of \$17 million as of March 31, 2015 will be recorded in earnings over the remainder of 2015.

MidAmerican Funding -

MidAmerican Funding's income tax benefit was \$18 million for the first quarter of 2015, a decrease of \$12 million compared to \$30 million for 2014, with an effective tax rate of (22)% for 2015 and (24)% for 2014. The change in the income tax benefit and effective tax rates was due principally to the factors discussed for MidAmerican Energy, partially offset by income tax expense related to the gain on the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease in 2015.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's total net liquidity was \$345 million consisting of \$605 million of credit facilities reduced by \$195 million of the credit facilities reserved to support MidAmerican Energy's variable-rate tax-exempt bond obligations and \$65 million of short-term debt. As of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Funding's total net liquidity was \$350 million, including \$1 million of additional cash and cash equivalents and MHC Inc.'s \$4 million credit facility.

Operating Activities

MidAmerican Energy's net cash flows from operating activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, were \$206 million and \$96 million, respectively. MidAmerican Funding's net cash flows from operating activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, were \$197 million and \$92 million, respectively. The increases were predominantly due to the impact of receivables and payables, largely attributable to the fluctuation in the cost of natural gas, and lower collateral requirements related to derivative positions.

In December 2014, the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 (the "Act") was signed into law, extending the 50% bonus depreciation for qualifying property purchased and placed in-service before January 1, 2015 and before January 1, 2016 for certain longer-lived assets. Production tax credits were extended for wind power and other forms of non-solar renewable energy projects that begin construction before the end of 2014. As a result of the timing of the Act and MidAmerican Energy's income tax cash flows with BHE, MidAmerican Energy had a federal income tax receivable of \$327 million as of March 31, 2015, which is expected to benefit cash flows from operations in 2015. The timing of MidAmerican Energy's income tax cash flows from period to period can be significantly affected by the estimated federal income tax payment methods and assumptions for each payment date.

Investing Activities

MidAmerican Energy's net cash flows from investing activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, were \$(250) million and \$(177) million, respectively. MidAmerican Funding's net cash flows from investing activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, were \$(237) million and \$(174) million, respectively. Net cash flows from investing activities consist almost entirely of utility construction expenditures, which increased for 2015 principally due to expenditures for the construction of wind-powered generating facilities and transmission MVPs. Purchases and proceeds related to available-for-sale securities primarily consist of activity within the Quad Cities Generating Station nuclear decommissioning trust.

Financing Activities

MidAmerican Energy's net cash flows from financing activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$15 million and \$- million, respectively. MidAmerican Funding's net cash flows from financing activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, were \$11 million and \$2 million, respectively. In 2015, MidAmerican Energy received \$15 million through its commercial paper program. MidAmerican Funding paid \$4 million in 2015 and received \$2 million in 2014 through its note payable with BHE.

Debt Authorizations and Related Matters

MidAmerican Energy has authority from the FERC to issue through June 30, 2016, commercial paper and bank notes aggregating \$605 million at interest rates not to exceed the applicable London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a spread of up to 400 basis points. MidAmerican Energy has a \$600 million unsecured credit facility expiring in March 2018. MidAmerican Energy may request that the banks extend the credit facility up to two years. The credit facility, which supports MidAmerican Energy's commercial paper program and its variable-rate tax-exempt bond obligations and provides for the issuance of letters of credit, has a variable interest rate based on LIBOR or a base rate, at MidAmerican Energy's option, plus a spread that varies based on MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings for senior unsecured long-term debt securities. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy has a \$5 million unsecured credit facility for general corporate purposes.

MidAmerican Energy currently has an effective registration statement with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission to issue up to \$800 million of long-term debt securities through November 12, 2016. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy has authorization from the FERC to issue through March 31, 2017, long-term securities totaling up to \$1.70 billion at interest rates not to exceed the applicable United States Treasury rate plus a spread of 175 basis points. MidAmerican Energy has authorizations from the Illinois Commerce Commission to issue up to an aggregate of \$800 million of additional long-term debt securities, of which \$50 million expires December 19, 2015, and \$750 million expires December 9, 2016.

In conjunction with the March 1999 merger, MidAmerican Energy committed to the IUB to use commercially reasonable efforts to maintain an investment grade rating on its long-term debt and to maintain its common equity level above 42% of total capitalization unless circumstances beyond its control result in the common equity level decreasing to below 39% of total capitalization. MidAmerican Energy must seek the approval of the IUB of a reasonable utility capital structure if MidAmerican Energy's common equity level decreases below 42% of total capitalization, unless the decrease is beyond the control of MidAmerican Energy. MidAmerican Energy is also required to seek the approval of the IUB if MidAmerican Energy's equity level decreases to below 39%, even if the decrease is due to circumstances beyond the control of MidAmerican Energy. If MidAmerican Energy's common equity level were to drop below the required thresholds, MidAmerican Energy's ability to issue debt could be restricted. As of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's common equity ratio was 51% computed on a basis consistent with its commitment.

Future Uses of Cash

MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding have available a variety of sources of liquidity and capital resources, both internal and external, including net cash flows from operating activities, public and private debt offerings, the issuance of commercial paper, the use of unsecured revolving credit facilities, and other sources. These sources are expected to provide funds required for current operations, capital expenditures, debt retirements and other capital requirements. The availability and terms under which MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding have access to external financing depends on a variety of factors, including their credit ratings, investors' judgment of risk and conditions in the overall capital markets, including the condition of the utility industry.

Utility Construction Expenditures

MidAmerican Energy's primary need for capital is utility construction expenditures. Capital expenditure needs are reviewed regularly by management and may change significantly as a result of these reviews, which may consider, among other factors, changes in environmental and other rules and regulations; impacts to customers' rates; outcomes of regulatory proceedings; changes in income tax laws; general business conditions; load projections; system reliability standards; the cost and efficiency of construction labor, equipment and materials; commodity prices; and the cost and availability of capital. Prudently incurred expenditures for compliance-related items such as pollution-control technologies, replacement generation, nuclear decommissioning and associated operating costs are generally incorporated into MidAmerican Energy's regulated retail rates.

MidAmerican Energy's forecast utility construction expenditures, which exclude amounts for non-cash equity AFUDC and other non-cash items, are approximately \$1.5 billion for 2015 and include:

- \$799 million for the construction of 657 MW (nominal ratings) of wind-powered generating facilities expected to be placed in service in 2015, including 162 MW (nominal ratings) approved by the IUB in February 2015.
- \$168 million for transmission MVPs investments. MidAmerican Energy has approval from the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. for the construction of four MVPs located in Iowa and Illinois, which will add approximately 245 miles of 345 kV transmission line to MidAmerican Energy's transmission system, with remaining expenditures predominantly in 2015 and 2016.
- Remaining costs primarily relate to routine expenditures for distribution, generation, transmission and other infrastructure needed to serve existing and expected demand.

In April 2015, MidAmerican Energy filed with the IUB an application for ratemaking principles related to the construction of up to 552 MW (nominal ratings) of additional wind-powered generating facilities expected to be placed in service by the end of 2016. The filing, which is subject to IUB approval, establishes a cost cap of \$903 million, including AFUDC, and provides for a fixed rate of return on equity of 11.5% over the proposed 30-year useful lives of those facilities in any future Iowa rate proceeding. The cost cap ensures that as long as total costs are below the cap, the investment will be deemed prudent in any future Iowa rate proceeding. MidAmerican Energy has requested IUB approval by the end of the third quarter of 2015.

Contractual Obligations

As of March 31, 2015, there have been no material changes outside the normal course of business in MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's contractual obligations from the information provided in Item 7 of their Annual Report on Form 10⁻K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Environmental Laws and Regulations

MidAmerican Energy is subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations regarding air and water quality, emissions performance standards, climate change, coal combustion byproduct disposal, hazardous and solid waste disposal, protected species and other environmental matters that have the potential to impact its current and future operations. In addition to imposing continuing compliance obligations, these laws and regulations provide regulators with the authority to levy substantial penalties for noncompliance including fines, injunctive relief and other sanctions. These laws and regulations are administered by the EPA and various state and local agencies. MidAmerican Energy believes it is in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, although many are subject to interpretation that may ultimately be resolved by the courts. Refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources" for discussion of MidAmerican Energy's forecasted environmental-related capital expenditures. The discussion below contains material developments to those matters disclosed in Item 7 of MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Clean Air Act Regulations

National Ambient Air Quality Standards

The Sierra Club filed a lawsuit against the EPA in August 2013 with respect to the one-hour sulfur dioxide standards and its failure to make certain attainment designations in a timely manner. In March 2015, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California ("Northern District of California") accepted as an enforceable order an agreement between the EPA and Sierra Club to resolve litigation concerning the deadline for completing the designations. The Northern District of California's order directed the EPA to complete designations in three phases: the first phase by July 2, 2016; the second phase by December 31, 2017; and the final phase by December 31, 2020. The first phase of the designations require the EPA to designate two groups of areas: 1) areas that have newly monitored violations of the 2020 sulfur dioxide standard; and 2) areas that contain any stationary source that, according to the EPA's data, either emitted more than 16,000 tons of sulfur dioxide in 2012 or emitted more than 2,600 tons of sulfur dioxide and had an emission rate of at least 0.45 lbs/sulfur dioxide per million British thermal unit in 2012 and, as of March 2, 2015, had not been announced for retirement. MidAmerican Energy's George Neal Unit 4 and the Ottumwa Generating Station (in which MidAmerican Energy has a majority ownership interest in, but does not operate), are included as units subject to the first phase of the designations, having emitted more than 2,600 tons of sulfur dioxide and having an emission rate of at least 0.45 lbs/sulfur dioxide per million British thermal unit in 2012. States may submit to the EPA updated recommendations and supporting information for the EPA to consider in making its' determinations and Iowa intends to submit such updated and supporting information by the specified deadline of September 18, 2015. The EPA intends to promulgate final sulfur dioxide area designations no later than July 2, 2016.

Mercury and Air Toxics Standards

Numerous lawsuits have been filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit ("D.C. Circuit") challenging the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards ("MATS"). In April 2014, the D.C. Circuit upheld the MATS requirements. In November 2014, the United States Supreme Court agreed to hear the MATS appeal on the limited issue of whether the EPA unreasonably refused to consider costs in determining whether it is appropriate to regulate hazardous air pollutants emitted by electric utilities. Oral argument in the case was held before the United States Supreme Court in March 2015, and a decision is expected by the end of June 2015. The outcome of the United States Supreme Court's decision is uncertain and until the court renders its decision or otherwise implements a stay of the MATS requirements, MidAmerican Energy is proceeding to fulfill its legal obligations to comply with the MATS, including retiring the Walter Scott, Jr. Energy Center Units 1 and 2 coal-fueled generating facilities and ceasing the utilization of coal at the Riverside Generating Station.

Coal Combustion Byproduct Disposal

In May 2010, the EPA released a proposed rule to regulate the management and disposal of coal combustion byproducts, presenting two alternatives to regulation under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"). The public comment period closed in November 2010. The final rule was released by the EPA on December 19, 2014, was published in the Federal Register on April 17, 2015 and will be effective on October 14, 2015. The final rule regulates coal combustion byproducts as non-hazardous waste under RCRA Subtitle D and establishes minimum nationwide standards for the disposal of coal combustion residuals. Under the final rule, surface impoundments and landfills utilized for coal combustion byproducts may need to be closed unless they can meet the more stringent regulatory requirements.

As defined by the final rule, MidAmerican Energy owns or operates seven surface impoundments and four landfills that contain coal combustion byproducts. MidAmerican Energy is assessing the requirements of the final rule to determine required compliance activities and the associated costs.

Collateral and Contingent Features

Debt securities of MidAmerican Energy are rated by credit rating agencies. Assigned credit ratings are based on each rating agency's assessment of MidAmerican Energy's ability to, in general, meet the obligations of its issued debt securities. The credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities, and there is no assurance that a particular credit rating will continue for any given period of time. As of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings for its senior secured debt and its issuer credit ratings for senior unsecured debt from the three recognized credit rating agencies were investment grade.

MidAmerican Funding and MidAmerican Energy have no credit rating downgrade triggers that would accelerate the maturity dates of its outstanding debt, and a change in ratings is not an event of default under the applicable debt instruments. MidAmerican Energy's unsecured revolving credit facilities do not require the maintenance of a minimum credit rating level in order to draw upon their availability. However, commitment fees and interest rates under the credit facilities are tied to credit ratings and increase or decrease when the ratings change. A ratings downgrade could also increase the future cost of commercial paper, short- and long-term debt issuances or new credit facilities.

In accordance with industry practice, certain wholesale agreements, including derivative contracts, contain credit support provisions that in part base MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements on its credit ratings for senior unsecured debt as reported by one or more of the three recognized credit rating agencies. These agreements may either specifically provide bilateral rights to demand cash or other security if credit exposures on a net basis exceed specified rating-dependent threshold levels ("credit-risk-related contingent features") or provide the right for counterparties to demand "adequate assurance," or in some cases terminate the contract, in the event of a material adverse change in MidAmerican Energy's creditworthiness. These rights can vary by contract and by counterparty. If all credit-risk-related contingent features or adequate assurance provisions for these agreements had been triggered as of March 31, 2015, MidAmerican Energy would have been required to post \$232 million of additional collateral. MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements could fluctuate considerably due to market price volatility, changes in credit ratings, changes in legislation or regulation, or other factors. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a discussion of MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements specific to its derivative contracts.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of new accounting pronouncements affecting MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding, refer to Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Certain accounting measurements require management to make estimates and judgments concerning transactions that will be settled several years in the future. Amounts recognized on the Financial Statements based on such estimates involve numerous assumptions subject to varying and potentially significant degrees of judgment and uncertainty and will likely change in the future as additional information becomes available. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for the effects of certain types of regulation, derivatives, impairment of goodwill and long-lived assets, pension and other postretirement benefits, income taxes and revenue recognition - unbilled revenue. For additional discussion of MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's critical accounting estimates, see Item 7 of their Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's assumptions regarding critical accounting estimates since December 31, 2014.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding, see Item 7A of their Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's exposure to market risk and their management of such risk has not changed materially since December 31, 2014. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for disclosure of MidAmerican Energy's derivative positions as of March 31, 2015.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

At the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Company (MidAmerican Energy or MidAmerican Funding, as applicable) carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and the Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based upon that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and the Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2015, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change to MidAmerican Funding's or MidAmerican Energy's risk factors from those disclosed in Item 1A of their Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed as part of this Quarterly Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY

(Registrants)

Date: May 1, 2015 /s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer
Vice President and Controller
of MidAmerican Funding, LLC
and Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
of MidAmerican Energy Company
(principal financial and accounting officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

MidAmerican Energy

15.1	Awareness Letter of Deloitte & Touche LLP
31.1	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
MidAmerican Funding	
31.3	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.4	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.3	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.4	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxlev Act of 2002.

MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding

The following financial information from MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, is formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) and included herein: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged in summary and detail.

May 1, 2015

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of MidAmerican Energy Company Des Moines, Iowa

We have reviewed, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the unaudited interim financial information of MidAmerican Energy Company for the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, as indicated in our report dated May 1, 2015; because we did not perform an audit, we expressed no opinion on that information.

We are aware that our report referred to above, which is included in your Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, is incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement No. 333-192077 on Form S-3.

We also are aware that the aforementioned report, pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, is not considered a part of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant or a report prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of that Act.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Des Moines, Iowa

I, William J. Fehrman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

I, Thomas B. Specketer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(principal financial officer)

I, William J. Fehrman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Funding, LLC;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material
 fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
 misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President

(principal executive officer)

I, Thomas B. Specketer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Funding, LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Controller

(principal financial officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, William J. Fehrman, President and Chief Executive Officer of MidAmerican Energy Company (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Thomas B. Specketer, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of MidAmerican Energy Company (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:
- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(principal financial officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, William J. Fehrman, President of MidAmerican Funding, LLC (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President

(principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Thomas B. Specketer, Vice President and Controller of MidAmerican Funding, LLC (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:
- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 1, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Controller

(principal financial officer)